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Different types of Design Basis for PMA Parts

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- Major Change to Type Design
- Separate approval for Design and Production

Identicality by License

- Design is approved with the Aircraft / Engine
- Typical for Sub-Tier OEM

Identicality without a License

Design is identical to TC Holder but used without agreement

Test and Computations

- Reverse Engineered Parts.
- Must be Equal to or Better than the "OEM" part

PMA vs EPA Parts (Regulatory Approval)



FAA Order 8110.42 ties it all together for the PMA Holder EPAs need a DOA, a POA, EPA marking and a minor change

PMA Restrictions = Myths & Misconceptions

Myth

- Lessors will not allow the use of PMA parts.
- PMA parts decreases the value of your asset.
- Using PMA parts voids the warranty.
- OEM ICA only applicable to OEM parts PMA parts are of inferior quality to the OEM parts.
- PMAs/DERs are not safe.
- OEMs are the experts in maintenance.

Fact

- Certain lease agreements do allow the use of PMA parts. Others have been renegotiated, to allow the use of PMA parts.
- The use of HEICO PMA parts do not decrease the value of your asset. HEICO parts are not life limited critical parts
- HEICO will warranty their parts at the same level as the OEM
- The FAA approval process and the stringent HEICO reverse engineering process guarantees that HEICO's PMA parts are equal or better than the OEM
- The FAA would not approve the parts if they were deemed unsafe
- They are experts, but they are not the only experts

Industry Today – Strong Regulatory Support

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TECHNICAL IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURES FOR AIRWORTHINESS AND ENVIRONMENTAL CERTIFICATION

> BETWEEN THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

> > AND THE

EUROPEAN AVIATION SAFETY AGENCY OF THE EUROPEAN Union

May 5, 2011

EASA/FAA TIPS 2011 BASA

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FAA SAIB NE-08-40

FAA SPECIAL AIRWORTHINESS INFORMATION BULLETIN SUBJ. Toweylad - Original Type and Production Configurate 163der Paris and Annualder Modering and Production Configurate 163der Paris

and Aftermatkiet Modification and Replacement Parts Date: August 8, 200 Tel: 11 information anij. Recommendation: aren' mandatory This Special Airworthiness Information Bulletin (SAIB) alerts owners, operators, and certificat

rans opecast Aurovernances Laformation Balletin (SAB) afters owners, operators, and certificated regult and annihistance providers of the responsibilities of type and production certificate (TC.PC) holders, supplemental type certificate (STC) holders, and the parts manufacturer approval (PMA) holders to support the continued operational safety (COS) of their product or part design.

Background

Producers of aircraft, nircraft engines, propellers, and replacement parts comprise an ellie segment of a global industry that has produced some of the safest visition products in the world. The FAA recognizes that this is due to many factors indufing advanced draign tools, testing and analysis techniques, materials, early fault detection capability, and the regulatory certification environment that the industry overates in.

In today's competitive market, owners and operators are continuously searching for ways to reduce costs while maintaining safety. One way is to reduce maintenance expenses by finding alternative sources of replacement parts. This naturally created new markets for replacement parts.

Recently, come engine munitativers responded to the FAA's approval of PAA and STC for praimativity flat type design engine models by stilling constants that support of their posts and effect these posts and parts of the overall systems. Sense TCPC to Defess have indicated language in the FAA-approved survertiness limitations section (ALS) of their engine instructions for continued anisorchimes (CALS) vaning that the CAC was developed only from switching the pre-

The FAA understands that the TC/PC holder has no knowledge or data about the PMA and STC parts installed in the product and, therefore, can only assess the nirworthiness and systems effects of their parts installed in the product.

PMA and STC parts are thoroughly evaluated for compliance with respect to any changes they introduce and their effect on the original type design. The need for supplemental ICAs, new introverthines limitations, and other conditions is established by the FAA to ensure the safe integration of the PMA and STC parts into the product.

Recommendations

- The following information is provided to assist the aviation community with regard to the installation of FAA-approved replacement parts –
- 1) FAA-opproved TC/PC holder, PMA, and STC parts are interchangeable within the certificated product size they are approved only after a full demonstration of compliance to the applicable requirements of Tile 1 of the Code of Referral Regulations (11 CFR). A PMA or STC part, where FAA-supproved for instillation on a certificated product, is a valid replacement prot to the TC/PC holder part according to 14 CFR).

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Aviation Safety, (AVS) Repair, Alteration and Fabrication (RAF) Study

August 6, 2008





Korea / FAA

DESIGN APPROVAL, PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES EXPORT AIRWORTHINESS APPROVAL, POST DESIGN APPROVAL ACTIVITIES, AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Under the Agreement between The Government of the United States of America and The Government of the Federative Republic of Brazil For Promotion of Aviation Safety

> Revision 2 September 17, 2018

> > **Revision 2**

We are not aware of any country that does not allow PMA parts and DER repairs.



PMA and DER Parts are Found Everywhere

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Fuselage/Interiors

- In Flight Entertainment
- Lavatories
- Seat Parts
- Tray Tables
- Galleys
- Overhead Bins

Cockpit/Avionics

- INUs, IRUs Radomes
- Nose Cowls Display Units
 - Battery Packs
- Cockpit Paper Instruments
- Autopilots

• DGAs

Landing Gear

- Wheels and Brakes
- Landing Gear

- **Engines Parts**
- Fuel Pumps
- Nozzles Starters Gears
 - Rings & Spacers
- Shafts
- Expendables

Bearings

Wing

- Flight Controls
- Actuation Systems
- Guides

Components

- Electro-Mechanical
- Hydraulic Pumps
- ACMs, CSD/IDG
- Batteries

APUs

Engines

- Combustion Chambers
- Blades & Vanes
- Fan Exit Guide Vanes
- Shrouds (single crystal & equiax)

Thrust Reversers

Engines Supported:

- CFM56 • V2500
- CF6 • JT8D
- CF34 • JT9D
- PW2000 • LM2500/5000/6000
- PW4000
- Acoustic Panels
- Pneumatic/Bleed/Anti Ice Valves
- Heat Shields
- Insulation Blankets



HEICO Offers a Wide Range of PMA and DER



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Example PMA used in Component Repairs

Hamilton Sundstrand V2500 Main Fuel Pump



Estimated Savings for a V2500 Fuel Pump Overhaul = \$12,000

Hamilton Sundstrand CF6-80C2 Main Fuel Pump

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Estimated Savings for a CF6-80C2 Fuel Pump Overhaul = \$15,000

HEICO Repair A320 Capability Examples



Extensive MRO Capabilities for the A320 Aircraft:

91%	70%	25%
of all Structural components	of major Accessory components	of major Avionic components

DER Repair Development and Approval

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The Applicant (DER Repair Company) is Responsible for:

- Developing the repair specification.
 - Purpose, Scope, Capabilities, Detailed Procedure, Metrics, Substantiation, and ICA
- Determining if the proposed repair affects compliance with any existing Airworthiness Directives (AD).
- Substantiating the repair specification,
- Submitting the repair specification for data approval,
- Correcting any deficiencies in the repair specification prior to FAA authorization, and
- Using the repair specification within the limitations of its authorization.
- Providing a list of articles fabricated for use in the repair and method of identification of those articles.

How a Repair Specification is Approved.

- A repair specification is authorized for use by the FAA.
- The approval process includes a joint evaluation of the repair specification by the FSDO/CMO/IFO and the ACO Repair Specification-DER (or RS-DER).
- The ACO (or RS-DER) approve the of the Repair Specification Data.
- The FSDO/CMO/IFO authorize it for use.
- Only when both groups have approved, then it is included in the OpSpecs.

Source: 14 CFR §43.13(b) FAA AC 43-210 & FAA Order 8300.14

Other PMA Light Reading





https://www.iata.org/whatwedo/workgroups/Docu ments/MCTF/PMA-DER-2nd-Edition.pdf